URGENT ACTION

SENTENCED TO 10 YEARS FOR GRAFFITI PROTEST

Azerbaijani youth activist Bayram Mammadov was sentenced to 10 years in prison on 8 December for a graffiti protest. Fellow activist Giyas Ibrahimov was also sentenced to 10 years in prison on 25 October. They are prisoners of conscience and should be released immediately.

The Grave Crimes Court in Baku, the capital of Azerbaijan, sentenced Azerbaijani youth activist Bayram Mammadov to 10 years in prison on 8 December. Bayram Mammadov was found guilty under Article 234 of the Criminal Code (drug possession for the purpose of selling, aggravated by acting as part of a group). His fellow activist Giyas Ibrahimov was also found guilty and sentenced to 10 years of imprisonment under the same Article on 25 October. Giyas Ibrahimov and Bayram Mammadov are prisoners of conscience.

Giyas Ibrahimov and Bayram Mammadov were arrested on 10 May after the authorities claimed that police had discovered around eight grams of heroin in their possession. The day before, they had painted a political graffiti on the statue of Heydar Aliyev, the late former President of Azerbaijan and father of President Ilham Aliyev.

The drug charges against Giyas Ibrahimov and Bayram Mammadov have been fabricated with the sole purpose of punishing them for their political protest. They have complained of torture and other ill-treatment in custody, including severe beatings and threat of rape, aimed at forcing them to apologise publicly for the graffiti, but heir allegations – and their injuries witnessed by their lawyer and others – have been ignored by the authorities.

Bayram Mammadov and Giyas Ibrahimov are members of the Azerbaijani pro-democracy youth movement NIDA. Bayram Mammadov has been a NIDA member since February 2016. Giyas Ibrahimov joined the movement after his arrest in May 2016.

**1) TAKE ACTION**

**Write a letter, send an email, call, fax or tweet:**

* Calling on the authorities to release Bayram Mammadov and Giyas Ibrahimov immediately as they are prisoners of conscience prosecuted for exercising their right to freedom of expression;
* Calling on the authorities to carry out an immediate, effective and impartial investigation into the alleged torture and other ill-treatment of Bayram Mammadov and Giyas Ibrahimov and into the fabrication of charges against them;
* Insisting on a full respect for and protection of the rights to freedom of expression, association and assembly in Azerbaijan.

**Contact these two officials by 19 January, 2017:**

President Ilham Aliyev

Office of the President of Azerbaijan

19 Istiqlaliyyat Street

Baku AZ1066, Azerbaijan

Fax: +994 12 492 0625

Email: office@pa.gov.az

**Salutation: Dear President**

Ambassador H.E. Elin Suleymanov

Embassy of the Republic of Azerbaijan

2741 34th Street NW, Washington DC 20008

Tel: 1 202 337 3500 I Fax: 1 202 337 5911

Email: azerbaijan@azembassy.us

**Salutation: Dear Ambassador**

**2) LET US KNOW YOU TOOK ACTION**

Here’s why it is so important to report your actions: we record the number of actions taken on each case and use that information in our advocacy. **Either email** **uan@aiusa.org** **with “UA 114/16” in the subject line or** [**click this link**](https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/VND9FLY)**.**

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## ADditional Information

Youth activists Bayram Mammadov and Giyas Ibrahimov were detained by police in Baku on 10 May on drug-related charges.

The Azerbaijani authorities claim that police discovered around eight grams of heroin in possession of the activists. Bayram

Mammadov and Giyas Ibrahimov told their lawyer that police had planted drugs on them. On 12 May, the judge at Khatai District

Court in Baku approved their pre-trial detention.

The arrest happened a day after Bayram Mammadov posted on Facebook a photo of the graffiti that Giyas Ibrahimov and he had painted on 9 May over the statue of Heydar Aliyev - Azerbaijan’s late former President and the father of the current president, Ilham Aliyev. The graffiti captured by the photo read “Happy slave day”, a play on the slogan “Happy Flower

Day” which is celebrated on 10 May, the former President’s birthday. On the other side of the statute the activists used obscene language in the graffiti as a message of political protest.

During questioning by the police, Bayram Mammadov and Giyas Ibrahimov were asked questions about the graffiti, not about the drugs. Police officers repeatedly demanded that the activists publicly apologize for insulting Heydar Aliyev and subjected them to beatings when they refused. They also forced the activists to clean the police station’s toilets while filming it, in order to humiliate them. Their lawyer told Amnesty International that during a meeting with Bayram Mammadov and Giyas Ibrahimov on 12 May he saw the bruises resulting from the beatings. The activists have not been examined by an independent doctor and have not been allowed to contact their family members to date. The lawyer filed a complaint about their ill-treatment with the

Office of the Prosecutor General of Azerbaijan.

The lawyer also told Amnesty International that the witnesses who testified about the drugs found were not independent as they work for the Azerbaijani police. Amnesty International documented similar practice that has been used in Azerbaijan to fabricate evidence in other cases against activists and human rights defenders.

Amnesty International has longstanding concerns about the Azerbaijani authorities' failure to respect their international obligations to protect the rights to freedom of expression, association and peaceful assembly. Dissenting voices in the country frequently face trumped-up criminal charges, physical assault, harassment, blackmail and other reprisals from the authorities and groups associated with them. Law-enforcement officials regularly use torture and other ill-treatment against detained civil society activists, with impunity.

In March 2016, Azerbaijan released several prisoners of conscience, including prominent human rights lawyer Intigam Aliyev, human rights campaigner Rasul Jafarov, and the head of the local election monitoring watchdog, Anar Mammadli. However, other prisoners of conscience still remain behind bars and the ongoing reprisals make human rights work virtually impossible. Most prominent NGOs working on human rights, corruption or election monitoring have criminal cases pending against them, their accounts frozen and/or registration revoked.

Independent monitoring of human rights in Azerbaijan is increasingly difficult. Several international human rights organizations and international media were barred from entering Azerbaijan in 2015. Amnesty International’s delegation was refused entry into Azerbaijan and deported from the Baku Heydar Aliyev International Airport on 7 October 2015.

Name: Bayram Mammadov and Giyas Ibrahimov

Gender m/f: Both male

Further information on UA: 114/16 Index: EUR 55/5300/2016 Issue Date: 8 December 2016